Odpoledne s chemií

Úžasná chemie boranů

přednáší: Michael Londesborough, Ph.D.

Tato síťovací akce (KA6) vč. vytvoření prezentace byla podpořena v rámci realizace projektu ZIP MUNI, reg. č. CZ.02.3.68/0.0/0.0/19_068/0016170



EVROPSKÁ UNIE Evropské strukturální a investiční fondy Operační program Výzkum, vývoj a vzdělávání



MUNI PŘÍRODOVĚDECKÁ FAKULTA









Země – 0.04% CO₂

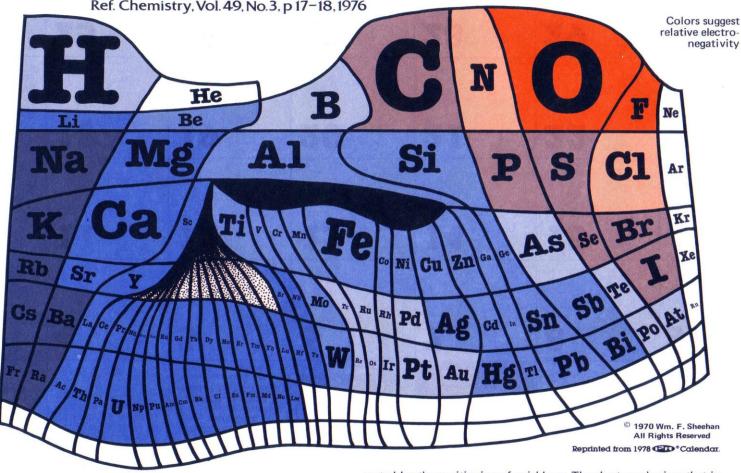






The Elements According to Relative Abundance

A Periodic Chart by Prof. Wm. F. Sheehan, University of Santa Clara, CA 95053 Ref. Chemistry, Vol. 49, No. 3, p 17–18, 1976



Roughly, the size of an element's own niche ("I almost wrote square") is proportioned to its abundance on Earth's surface, and in addition, certain chemical similarities (e.g., Be and AI, or B and Si) are sug-

gested by the positioning of neighbors. The chart emphasizes that in real life a chemist will probably meet O, Si, Al, . . . and that he better do something about it. Periodic tables based upon elemental abundance would, of course, vary from planet to planet. . . W.F.S.

NOTE: TO ACCOMMODATE ALL ELEMENTS SOME DISTORTIONS WERE NECESSARY, FOR EXAMPLE SOME ELEMENTS DO NOT OCCUR NATURALLY.

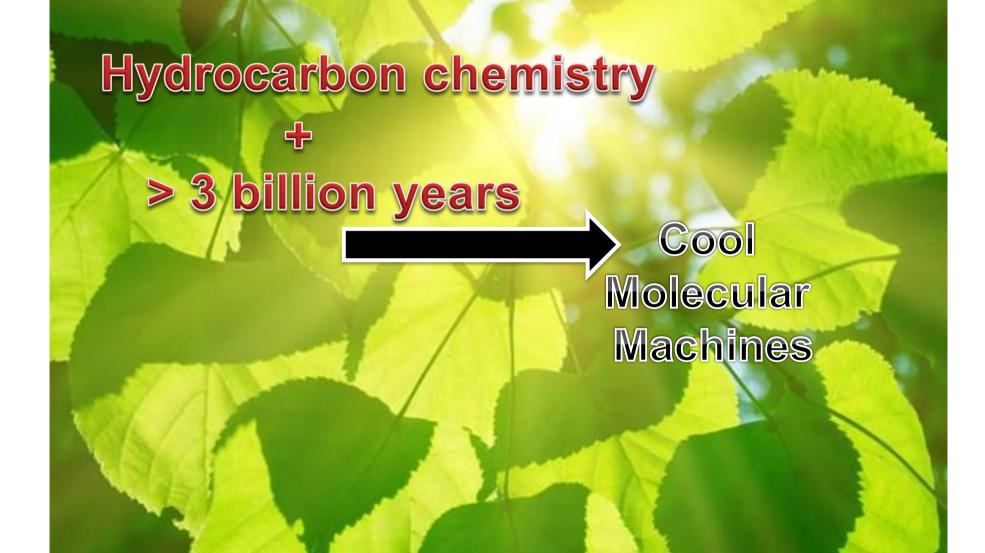


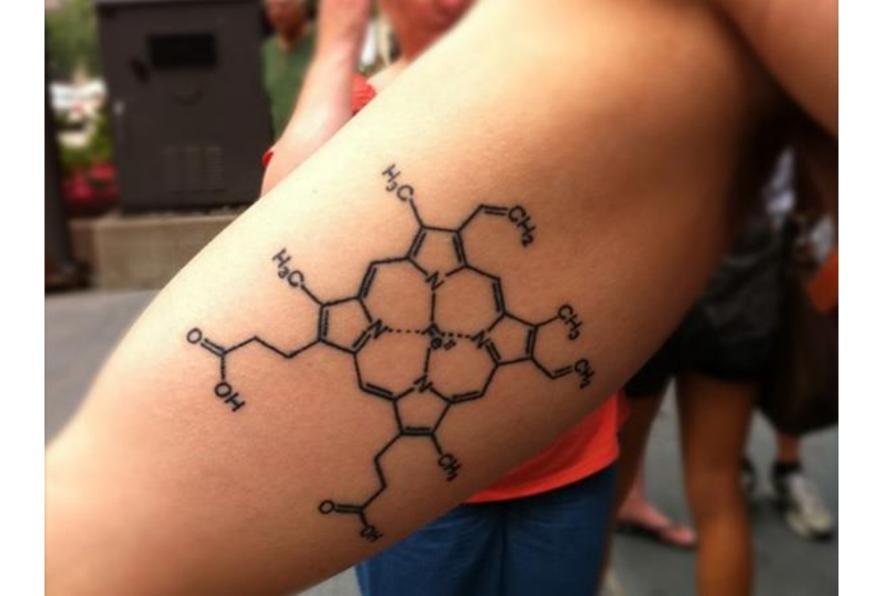


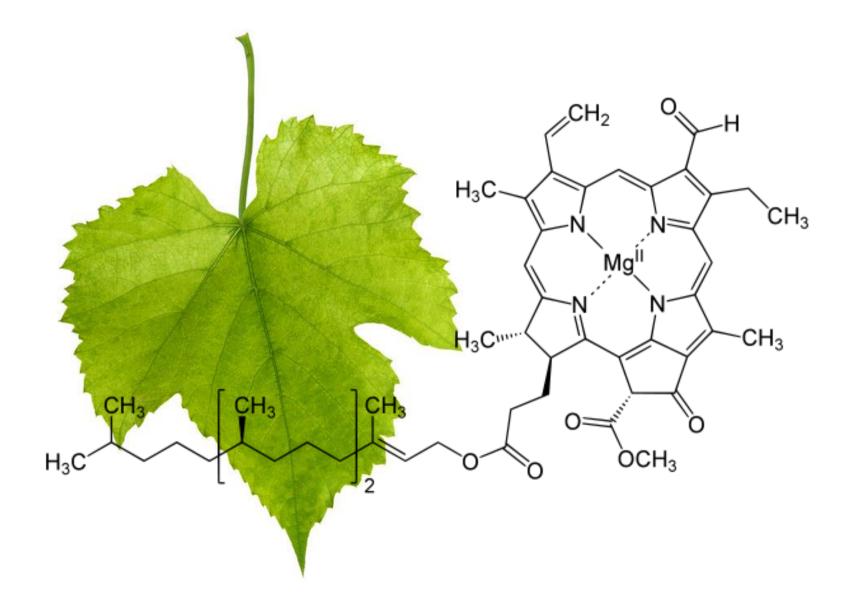


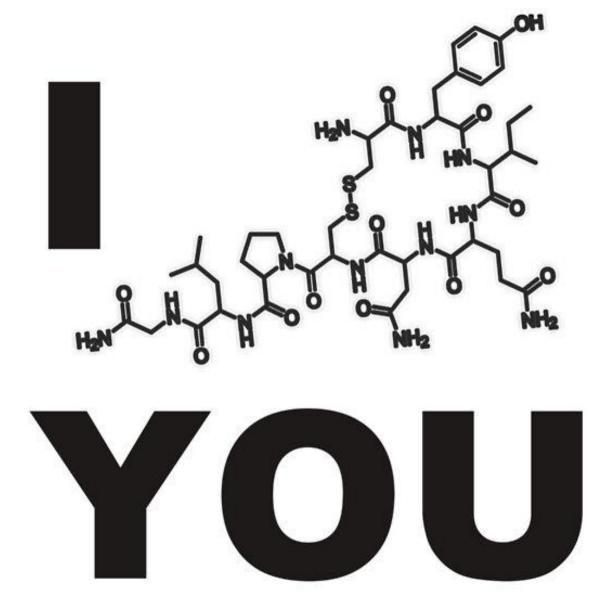














"...the superb natural process without which the living world could not exist, i.e. the assimilation of carbon dioxide from the atmosphere by plants, seems even more interesting. This leads as we know to the formation of sugar, Nature's first organochemical product, from which all other constituents of the plant and animal body are formed."

Nobel Lecture, December 12, 1902 E.FISCHER

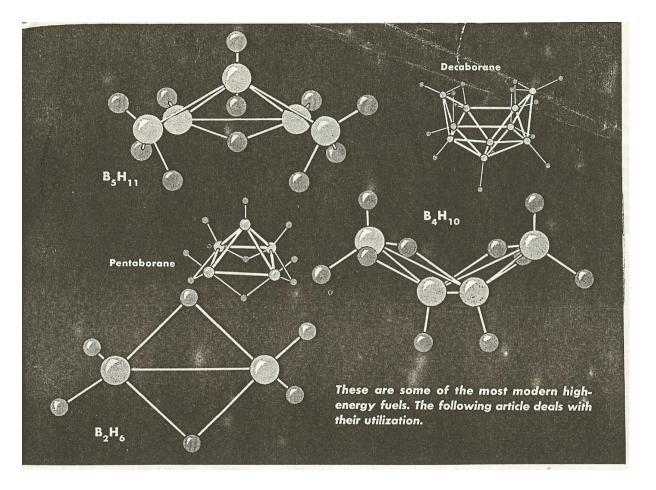
"And so, progressively, the veil behind which Nature has so carefully concealed her secrets is being lifted where the carbohydrates are concerned...However, it is increasingly obvious that the one-sided study of carbon compounds cannot suffice to elucidate the nature of chemical processes in all its aspects."

Nobel Lecture, December 12, 1902 E.FISCHER







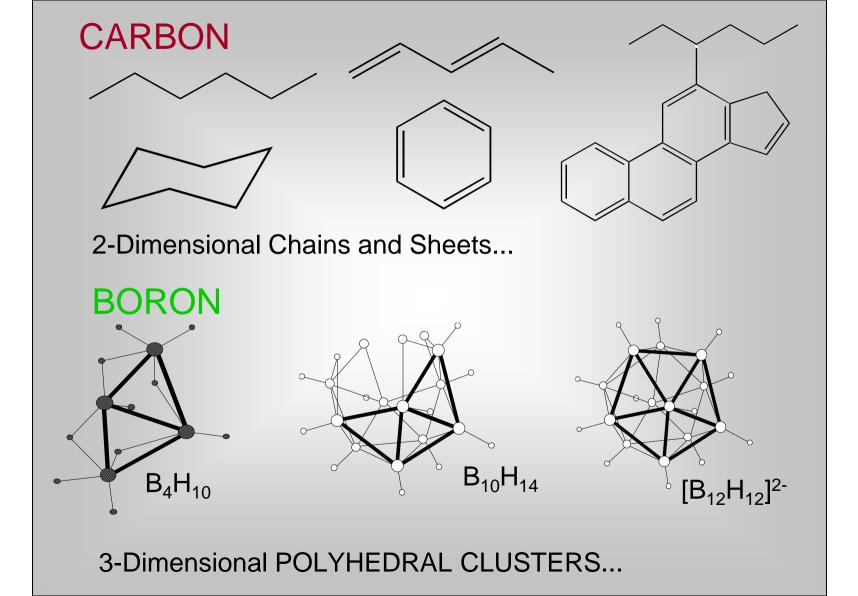




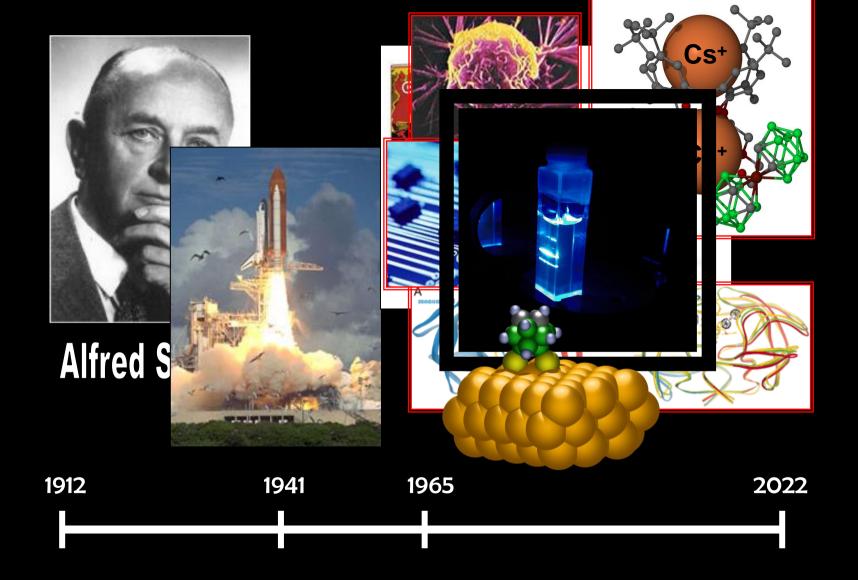
Wrocław

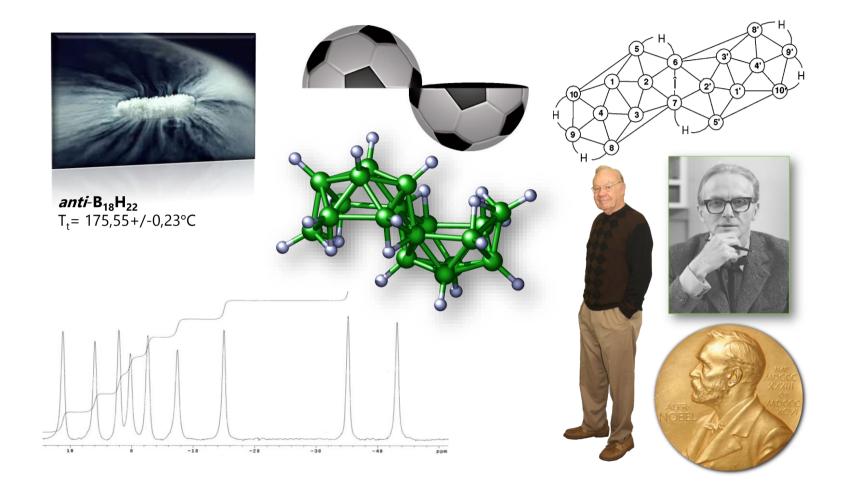












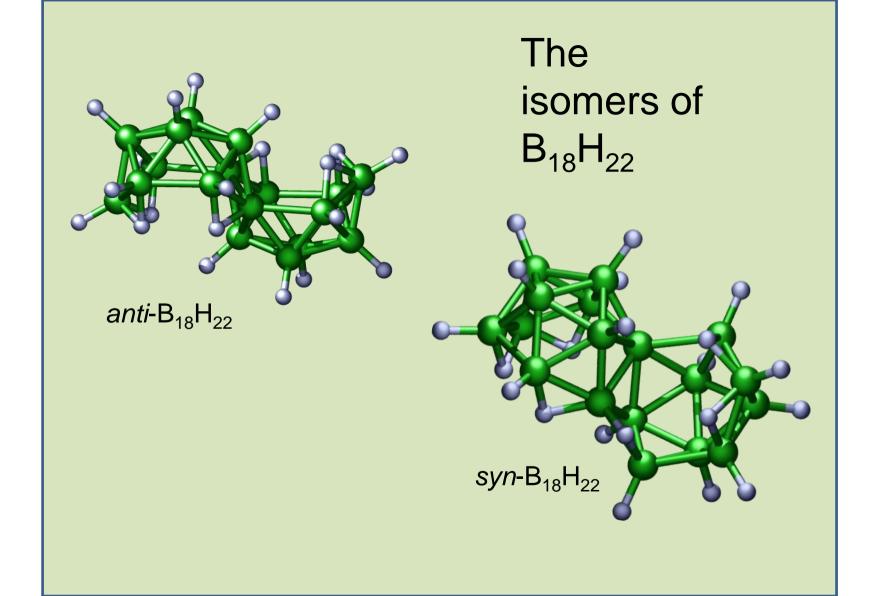


Figure S1. UV-vis absorption spectra of *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂ (a, red), *syn*-B₁₈H₂₂ (b, black) (left axis), and fluorescence emission spectra (c, blue) (λ_{exc} = 340 nm) of *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂ (right axis) in hexane.

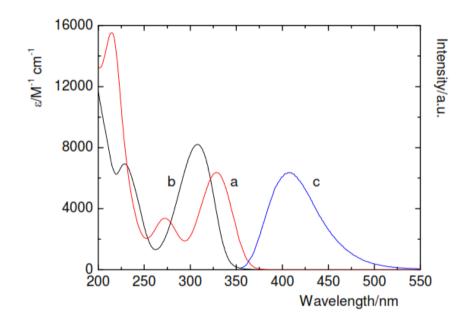
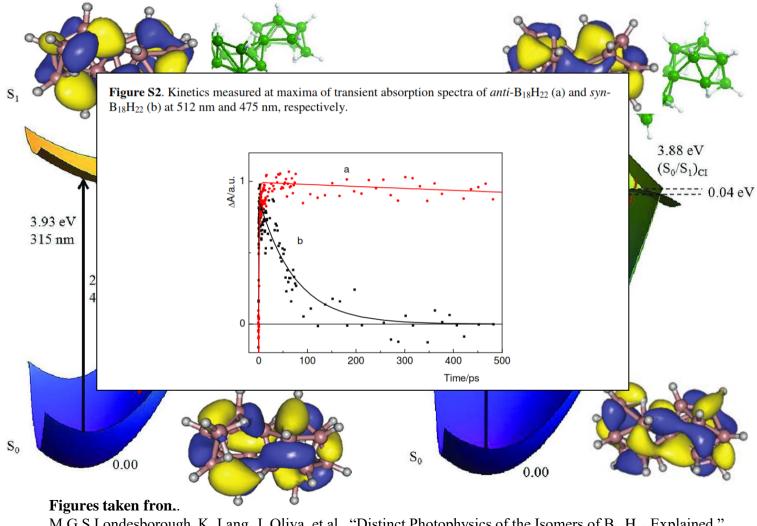


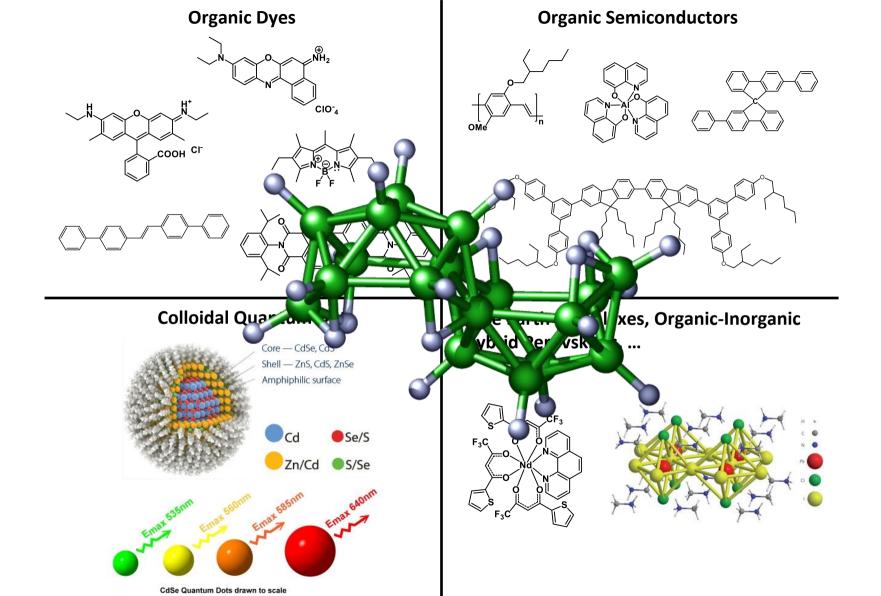
Figure taken from:

M.G.S Londesborough, K. Lang, J. Oliva, et al., "Distinct Photophysics of the Isomers of B₁₈H₂₂ Explained." *Inorg. Chem.* **2012**, 51, 1471-1479.



M.G.S Londesborough, K. Lang, J. Oliva, et al., "Distinct Photophysics of the Isomers of B₁₈H₂₂ Explained." *Inorg. Chem.* **2012**, 51, 1471-1479.

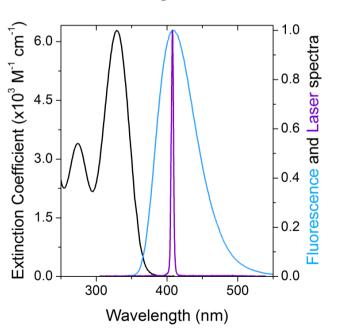


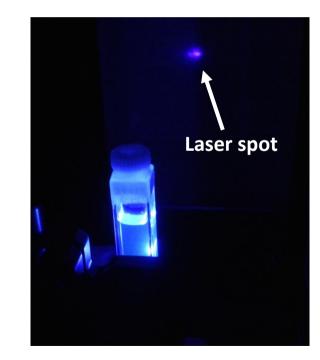




A borane laser

Luis Cerdán¹, Jakub Braborec^{2,3}, Inmaculada Garcia-Moreno¹, Angel Costela¹ & Michael G.S. Londesborough^{2,*}



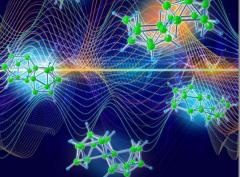


Laser wavelength: λ =406 nm

Experiment details:

Cyclohexane solution 50 mM Pump: Nitrogen laser, λ_{pump} =337 nm





"Unveiling the role of upper excited electronic states in the photochemistry and laser performance of *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂" *J. Mater. Chem. C.* 2020, 8, 12806. *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂

$\label{eq:biscoverse} \begin{array}{c} \underline{\text{DISCOVERY}} \text{: Theoretical analysis} \\ \text{of } B_{18} H_{22} \text{ and } B_{26} H_{30} \text{ isomers} \end{array}$

"A theoretical analysis of the structure and properties of B₂₆H₃₀ isomers. Consequences to the laser and semiconductor doping capabilities of large borane clusters" *Phys. Chem. Chem. Phys.* **2019**, 21, 12916.

DISCOVERY: A quantum yield of fluorescence 0.97



(a) B₁₀H₁

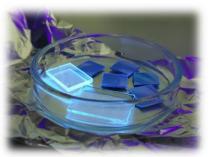
(d) anti-cisoid B₁₈

(c) syn-transoid B₁₀

"Distinct Photophysics of the Isomers of B₁₈H₂₂ Explained." *Inorg. Chem* **2012**, 51, 1471.

(e) syn-cisoid B₁₈H₂

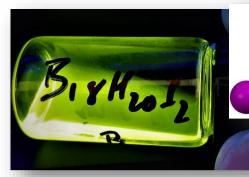
PHASE 1: Comprehensive understanding of the photophysics/chemistry of $B_{18}H_{22}$



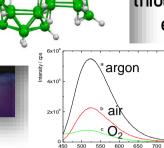
DISCOVERY: Luminescent properties of B₁₈H₂₂ in polymer matrices "The Photostability of Novel Boron

Hydride Emitters in Solutions and Polystyrene Matrix." *Materials*, **2021**, 14(3), 589.

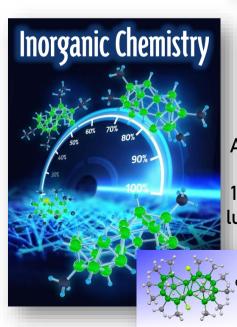




"Effect of Iodination on the Photophysics of the Laser Borane *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂: Generation of Efficient Photosensitizers of Oxygen" *Inorg. Chem* **2019**, 58, 15, 10248.



PHASE 2: Understanding of the effects of chemical substitution on the photophysics of



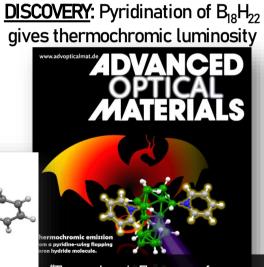
BISCOVERY: Alkylation of B₁₈H₂₂ gives a series of 100% efficient blue luminophores and a 2nd borane laser

"Swollen Polyhedral Volume of the *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂ cluster via extensive methylation." *Inorg. Chem* 2020, 59, 5, 2651.
"Ultra-Efficient Blue Fluorophores from the Alkylation of *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂" *Inorg. Chem* 2020, 59, 23, 17058

DISCOVERY: Iodination and thiolation of B₁₈H₂₂ gives highly efficient singlet-oxygen generators



"Tuning the Photophysical Properties of *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂: Quantum Hopping between Excited Singlet and Triplet States in new 4,4'-(HS)₂-*anti*-B₁₈H₂₀" *Inorg. Chem* **2013**, 52, **9266**.



"Thermochromic Fluoresence from B₁₈H₂₀(NC₅H₅)₂." *Adv. Opt. Mater.* **2017**, 5, 6, 1600694. "Substitution of laser borane *anti*-B₁₈H₂₂ with pyridine" *Dalton Trans.*, **2018**, 47, 1709

